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| **Key Terms** |
| **#1** | **What is a rise in prices and a decrease in value?** | **Inflation** |
| **#2** | **What is a right to a hearing before being jailed?** | **Habeas Corpus** |
| **#3** | **What was one of the bloodiest Civil War Battles?** | **Battle of Shiloh** |
| **#4** | **What was the worst defeat for the Union?** | **Battle of Fredericksburg** |
| **#5** | **What was General Jackson's last battle?** | **Battle of Chancellorsville** |

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| **Union** |
| **#1** | **What was the North's official goal at the STARTof the Civil War?** | **Keep the Union together** |
| **#2** | **How did African Americans in the Union army contribute to the war efforts?** | **joined the army, fought major battles after 1863 (54th regiment)** |
| **#3** | **What is true about the Union strategies for Victory?** | **They attained all of their goals.** |
| **#4** | **Give me one example that helped the Union achieve one of its goals.** | **Grant taking Vicksburg (Miss. R.), Grants Total War, Grant sending Sheridan and Sherman to attack (initially taking capital): all of these are because of war efforts of Ulysses S. Grant** |
| **#5** | **What problem did the northerners face during the war?** | **Certain rights were suspended to preserve public safety** |

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| **Confederates** |
| **#1** | **How did slaves in the South contribute to the Union war efforts?** | **They refused to work on plantations** |
| **#2** | **Why did small southern farmers resent the Confederacy's draft law?** | **men with 20 or more slaves didn't have to fight (rich man's war poor man's fight)** |
| **#3** | **What Victory for the Union in the South caused the split of the south and also cut off supplies and men?** | **Battle of Vicksburg** |
| **#4** | **How did the South deal with economic problems during the war?** | **Plantations grew food crops** |
| **#5** | **Who served as a Confederate nurse during the Civil War? (Also started a hospital)** | **Sally Tompkins** |

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| **Lincoln/Emancipation Proclamation** |
| **#1** | **Which group of people would disagree with the Emancipation Proclamation the most?** | **southern planters** |
| **#2** | **What would be a good word to describe Lincolns attitude towards his goals for peace?** | **Forgiving** |
| **#3** | **After Lincoln was reelected what was his major goal?** | **To work towards peace and unity** |
| **#4** | **Lincoln moved Grant into the Commanding position because of his war efforts. His next strategy was total war. How did this differ from other war efforts?** | **Civilians and soldiers both would suffer from these war efforts.** |
| **#5** | **What was one effect of the Emancipation Proclamation?** | **It added the abolishing slavery in the South as a goal of the North** |

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| **War** |
| **#1** | **What is one successful strategy of the north for winning the Civil War?** | **Taking control of the Mississippi River** |
| **#2** | **Give me a statement that would describe early days of war.** | **Both sides realized that this was going to be a long and bloody war.** |
| **#3** | **What did both the north and the south face as a problem during the war?** | **Inflation, riots, drat law** |
| **#4** | **What was army life like during the war?** | **Combat deadly, weapons more advances, poor sanitations which caused disease to be the deadliest thing on the battle field, deserters, lack of food and clothing for the south** |
| **#5** | **Why did the Civil War mark the turning point in our history?** | **We began to think of our nation as one whole nation 'THE United States of America'** |